

Victoria Daily Times.

Vol. 24.

VICTORIA, B. C., WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 6, 1897.

No. 106.

Challoner, Mitchell & Co., JEWELLERS.

We guarantee everything to be exactly as represented, and will endeavor to find what you want at the right price.

47 GOVERNMENT STREET.

"keep-a-comin'"

of course. Genuine clearance selling such as we undertake is worthy of the success already achieved. Have you received a sale catalogue? If not call or send for one. True, it only skims the top of the great and many chances offered you; but we'll mail you one if requested and at once.

A Store Crowded With Happy People

(Happy, because they find what they come in for) talk louder than a catalogue after all. Come in the morning if you can. Open at 9 a.m.

24 pieces and ends, All-Wool French printed Flannels, regular 65c. all at 35c.
3 pieces extra heavy embroidered Eider Flannels, were 90c. at 40c.
Balance of plain color Eider Flannels to clear at 40c. a yard.
Yard wide reversible Blanket Skirtings—4 pieces— at 25c. a yard.
A parcel of new Cambric Embroideries commence at a cent a yard.
4 pieces Double Fold Mixed Tweeds at 12 1-2 cents a yard.

The Westside,
— J. HUTCHESON & CO.

It's True To-Day!

Yes, sir, it's as true to-day as it was a year ago. We carry the largest and most select stock of fashionable Woolens in the province, and we give every satisfaction to each and all our customers. Call and inspect our stock.

Campbell & Co.

LEADING TAILORS, Cor. Broad Street and Trudeau Ave.

Military Orders From Ottawa

The Canadian Government has given orders that protection shall be afforded to our volunteers by ordering all of their overcoats to be Water-proofed by the Rigby Process.

A soldier may now march in the rain or sleet with comparative comfort, his overcoat will shed the rain as water runs from a duck's back.

When you buy an overcoat or out of door garment see that you get it made from

Rigby Proofed material

Rigby does not change the color, appearance or feeling of the cloth, it simply keeps out the wet and costs no more than the unproofed goods.

The British-Canadian Gold Fields Co., (Limited)

Offices at Toronto, Victoria and Spokane
CAPITAL \$2,500,000.

The Price Has Been Advanced

—AND A—

Limited Number of Shares

ARE NOW OFFERED AT

40 CENTS PER SHARE

Address
British-Canadian Gold Fields Co.,
44 FORT STREET.
GEO. E. G. BROWN, Local Manager.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CARD—On account of my business in other parts of the Province, I had to withdraw from the time to devote to municipal affairs. John Jardine.

WANTED—A partner with \$300 to join advertiser with new invention; sure fortune. Address Patent Times office.

ELEG—ENTLY FURNISHED suites or single rooms w/ heated. Mrs. Watt, the Vernon

THE 4th of the series of Conversations given by the Rev. Mr. E. Church at the hall of the Canadian Club, will be held on the residence of Mr. Thos. S. Wilson, on St. Charles street, at 8:30 p.m. Single tickets, 25 cents.

COAL—25 per ton, delivered, weight guaranteed. Edm. Munro, Holland & Co., 26 Broad street.

SHINGLES FOR SALE—Munn, Holland & Co., Broad street, opposite the Driard.

FOR SCHOOL TRUSTEE.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN—I am a candidate for School Trustee at the forthcoming election, and respectfully solicit your votes and influence.

DEAN & HISCOCKS, Chemists and Druggists, cor. Yates and Broad Sts.

NOTICE.

Any person claiming that his or her name has been improperly omitted from the Municipal Voters' List for 1897, is hereby notified that he or she may make application to have his or her name inserted in the said list to the Police Magistrate on or before Monday, the 11th day of January, 1897, at 4 p.m., and that the Magistrate will sit in the Police Court, City Hall, on Tuesday, the 12th day of January, 1897, at the hour of 11 o'clock in the forenoon to decide upon each and every such application.

WELLINGTON, J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.
Victor a, B.C., 6th January, 1897.

HUNTINGTON'S LATEST.

He Proposes to Run a Line Which Will Do Away with the Panama Route.

City of Mexico, Jan. 5.—It is stated that Collis P. Huntington has a corps of engineers in the field making a preliminary survey for a railroad from the port of Alvarado, south of Vera Cruz, on the Pacific Coast, and that if he can secure an advantageous route he will ask the government for a concession for the purpose of operating the line, in connection with the Pacific Mail steamers, thus doing away with the Panama route.

OVERTAXATION OF IRELAND.

Sir Edward Clarke Advocates a Large Annual Grant.

Plymouth, Eng., Jan. 5.—Sir Edward Clarke, solicitor-general in Lord Salisbury's former cabinet, speaking here last night upon the Irish grievances on account of the over-taxation of Ireland, advocated the granting to Ireland of £1,000,000 from the Imperial exchequer. Sir Edward contended further that the position of Ireland on this question was mainly owing to Mr. Gladstone's so-called "Free Trade policy." The commission, he said was politically a packed commission in favor of Home Rule, but it was a strong commission on questions relating to finance, and he thought its conclusions of fact entitled to acceptance.

DAMAGED BY FLOOD.

People Driven From Their Homes and Trains Delayed.

St. Louis, Mo., Jan. 6.—The Mississippi, Black and Osage rivers are still flowing and are higher than ever before known. Thousands of dollars damage has resulted from the high water. Trains are away hours late owing to the high water. At Arthurdale where the road crosses the river the steel bridge which spans the river between Richland and Waynesville was swept away and it was reported here last night that the bridge between Crocker and County had also been washed away. The loss to County will be heavy. The Osage river also played havoc in Camden county. The residents of Little Creek, the county seat of Camden county, have been forced to desert their homes and seek shelter upon the hill tops. To give an estimate of the loss to property at this hour would be impossible, but it will certainly reach high in the thousands. The train service between here and Poplar Bluff, Mo., has been stopped by the water from the Black river. Many families are seeking shelter from the high water and stock suffering, many head having been drowned.

MINISTERS SLIGHTED

Premier of Dominion Placed After Provincial Ministers at the Archbishop's Funeral.

Report Presented to the Postmaster General Respecting Kootenay Mail Service.

Executive of Dominion Rifle Association Decide Upon Plans for the Building at Bisley.

Ottawa, Jan. 6.—The whole talk here to-day is how the Dominion ministers were put behind provincial ministers in order of precedence at Archbishop Fabre's funeral yesterday. That is why Mr. Laurier and others appeared as private citizens.

At the funeral of Archbishop Fabre, Premier Laurier sat in Hon. Mr. George's pew and the French Liberals say a slight was offered the premier in not having him in the front with Sir A. P. Carton, Lieut.-Gov. Chapleau and the judges. It is probable no slight was intended. It is true, nevertheless, that the French Canadian premier is not in high favor just now in clerical circles.

Premier Laurier is in Quebec to-day. He will speak there to-morrow night taking the same line as he did in Montreal.

Speaker Edgar has issued his warrant for the bye-elections in Brant, vacated by Bennett and North Ontario, vacated by McGillivray. The bye-elections will take place on the same date which is to be decided upon this week. It is expected the elections will be held in the second week of February. As these were all Conservative seats in the last election, the government has everything to gain and nothing to lose in these contests.

B. M. Armstrong, of the Toronto post-office, who paid a visit to Rossland, B.C., to look into the mail service is here today discussing the matter with the postmaster-general.

The council of the Dominion Ride Association came here yesterday to consider the plans proposed for the Canadian building at Bisley, and unanimously selected those sent in by Saxe & Rodden, architects of Montreal. They show a typical Canadian cottage of one and a half stories in height of neat appearance, wide verandahs all round, and to be finished in Canadian wood. These plans were the only ones coming within the requirements of the association and the fixed cost of \$7500.

Sir Richard Cartwright and Hon. Messrs. Fielding and Mullock have been appointed a sub-committee of the cabinet to prepare a new superannuation bill.

A local hotelkeeper named Ranger was \$100 for adulterating whiskey.

The charges against Mr. Farrow, ex-postmaster of Brussels, for active interference at the general elections, have been dismissed.

SPOT ON THE SUN.

Observer Colton, of Lick Observatory, Discovers One.

Lick Observatory, Cal., Jan. 6—While photographing the sun Observer Colton found a large spot near the eastern limb which is mostly visible without telescopic aid. The extreme length of the spot is about 68,000 miles.

SEVEN NUNS BURNED.

Convent Roheral Destroyed by Fire This Morning.

Quebec, Jan. 6.—A disastrous fire broke out in the convent at Roheral this morning, reducing the imposing old structure to ashes and causing the death of at least seven nuns. Little is yet known of the origin of the fire. When seen by outsiders the flames had made great headway and every avenue of escape was cut off. The inmates had evidently no warning of danger until the passage ways were choked with smoke and the windows were filled with bursting flames which rendered any attempt at escape hazardous if not fatal. Those who perished apparently made heroic efforts to reach the doors, but were blinded or suffocated by the clouds of smoke. Those who passed the doors in safety were all but exhausted and some are now in a precarious condition. The family name of those who perished are Eliza Gosselin and Rose Gosselin, both of whom were formerly of St. Jean Chrostien, Emma Lesterian, of Quebec; Louis Girard, of Roberville, Miss Boville, of Deschenanvilles; C. Garnier, of St. Foye; L. Hudon, of Herbevilliers.

A SAILOR'S YARN.

No Truth in the Report that Cyprus Island Has Disappeared.

San Francisco, Jan. 5.—The story recently published upon the authority of Captain Powles, of the British ship James Kerr, relative to the disappearance of the island of Juan Fernandez, lacks verification. Chilean papers under date of November 30 give accounts of the results of a scientific expedition recently dispatched to Juan Fernandez upon the government warship President Errazuriz. Furthermore, a large cannery for packing lobsters is established at Cumberland bay, the only port on the island. The last steamer from New York carried to Valparaiso via Panama a quantity of material for this cannery. It is therefore unlikely that the island has disappeared. The Chilean government is sending some thirty families to the island as colonists and fishermen in order that the piscatorial resources of its surrounding waters may be developed. Every month a sailing schooner plies between Valparaiso and Cumberland bay, so that communication has been made with the settlement since its alleged disappearance.

The Powles yarn originated during the early part of 1896, when, after a series of heavy earthquake shocks on the mainland of Chile, another Britisher sailed into Valparaiso with the news that he had seen when passing Juan Fernandez, a column of smoke, and his ship received a violent shock, and that he thought Selkirk's Island had been swallowed up. The Chilean maritime officials sent the transport Casma to the island, and as she returned in three days with a large consignment of both canned and live lobsters, there was proof conclusive of the existence of land.

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EAST OF THE ROCKIES

All of the Successful Election Petitions in Ontario Were Against Conservatives.

Result of the Municipal Elections in Ontario—Archbishop Fabre's Funeral.

Toronto, Jan. 5.—All the election protests are settled except the one in London. The result of the petitions was the dismissal in all cases save those of South Bruce, East Simcoe and North Ontario, where the members, all Conservatives, were unseated. It is expected that the by-elections in these constituencies will be held in the middle of February.

Fred Kirby believed himself ordained from heaven to destroy the Globe building, and with that end in view constructed an infernal machine. Before he had time to put his design into execution, he was arrested for threatening to kill one McGregor with "spiritual bullets." His machine was taken from him and Kirby is now locked up. He is apparently a religious monomaniac though otherwise perfectly sane. He makes a very good living in the Arcade as a dealer in artist's materials.

The wholesale house of J. S. McMaster & Co., dry goods merchants, has formally assigned for the purpose of liquidation. There is a nominal surplus of \$130,000.

The wife of ex-Adl. Lucas dropped dead to-day.

An evening paper publishes a rumor that Orlando Bush, of Kemptville, a member of the Ontario legislature, has disappeared.

The parliament of Ontario has been called for the dispatch of business on February 10.

The friends of Queen's University formed an association to-night to look after the affairs of the University. Rev. Dr. Milligan is president.

The municipal elections took place yesterday throughout Ontario. In the city Mayor Fleming was re-elected by 1,585 majority over Ald. McMurrich. Mayor Fleming carried every ward.

By-laws to authorize the expenditure of \$25,000 on the new court house, and also to provide for elections to be held, in future on New Year's day, were all carried by large majorities. The results in other cities for mayor were: Hamilton, Ald. Colquhoun, mayor, by 808 majority; Lindsay, Mayor Smythe; Bracebridge, Mayor Brown; Owen Sound, T. T. Thompson, mayor; Orillia, R. J. Saunders; St. Thomas, Ald. Might; Goderich, J. R. Shannon; Chatham, Mary Smythe; Port Hope, J. W. Quinton; Guelph, James Hewer; Rat Portage, ex-Rev. Young, mayor; Fort William, John McMillan, re-elected mayor by 1,086 majority; Port Arthur, G. T. Marks, mayor; Ottawa, S. Bingham, by 250 votes over Crammell and 700 over Cluff.

Ald. Scott, president of the Georgian Bay Lumber Company, has announced himself as a candidate for the mayoralty next year.

St. Thomas, Jan. 5.—A remarkable case is being treated by the doctors here. A man 65 years of age, who is subject to fits of mental aberration, has abstained from food for forty days, being a victim to the delusion that he has been divinely ordered to fast until he receives word to again partake of food.

He announced yesterday that his long fast was to end to-morrow. He is still in good health.

Charlottetown, Jan. 5.—The trial of the election petition against A. C. McDonald, member for King's county, was postponed till March on account of the illness of the respondent's counsel.

Winnipeg, Jan. 5.—The trial of the Macdonald election petition opens on Thursday at Portage la Prairie. The judges to hear the petition are Killam and Debuc.

To-day, before Chief Justice Taylor, Geo. B. Anderson, charged with two offences against the election law in the recent Winnipeg election, chose to be tried before a jury, and the case was remanded to the spring assizes.

Theo. Bertrand is spoken of as a probable candidate for St. Boniface. If he secures the nomination he will run in opposition to the government.

Winnipeg's new city council was organized to-day with Mayor McCreary presiding. Ald. Andrews was elected chairman of the finance committee.

The duty collected at Winnipeg for December totalled \$32,523.10, an increase of \$2,000 over December, 1895.

Montreal, Jan. 5.—The body of Archbishop Fabre was interred to-day. The ceremonies in the cathedral were of a most impressive character. The Archbishop of Ottawa officiated. After requiem service no less than five "absouts" were chanted by Archbishops, Walsh of Toronto; Bergin, of Quebec; Langeniv, of St. Boniface; and Dubois of Ottawa; and Bishop Emard, of Valleyfield; the whole ceremony concluding with the Libera. All the bishops of Canada were present except Archbishop Cleary, who sent his vicar-general, Rev. Albe Gauthier, Bishop Dowling of Hamilton, and two bishops in the North-West and British Columbia. Twenty judges attended in a body headed by Sir Alexander Lacoste and the two clerics all wearing court dress.

The banks here report that selling day passed off well; payments were promptly made by the payments is evidently satisfactory.

Not one in twenty are free from ailment caused by some little inaction of the liver. Use Carter's Little Liver Pills. The result will be a pleasant surprise. They give positive relief.

DEFECTIVE PLATES.

Thorough Investigation to be Made by the United States Government.

Washington, Jan. 5.—Secretary Hobart and Assistant Secretary McAdoo conferred for several hours with the members of the special board, headed by Captain McCormick, charged with an inquiry as to the defective structural plates of battleships. It has been finally determined to employ a dozen or fifteen civilian experts to aid the steel board in the inspection of steel at the

mills. These will be paid \$4 to \$6 a day, and they will be selected after competitive examination by civil service methods.

The secretary decided to pursue the investigation initiated by the McCormick board and look into the quality of material supplies for other vessels than the Kearsarge and Illinois which have already been examined. To this end the McCormick board has been ordered to visit the Cramps' works and examine the steel supplied by Carnegie for the Alabama.

Another board has also been appointed in San Francisco to visit the Union Iron Works and ascertain just what kind of basic steel is being sent there from Bethlehem works to build the battleship Wisconsin.

It is not known that any actual fault exists in either of these cases, but the secretary deems it best to make sure that the same defects as were found in the Kearsarge and Kentucky do not exist in the case of the other battleships.

LOST NO TIME.

Baltimore, Md., Jan. 5.—Richard Cornelius, cashier, and for forty-four years connected with the National Farmers' and Planters' Bank, of which Enoch Pratt was president up to the time of his death, was discovered to be short in his accounts to the amount of about \$60,000. About 10 o'clock Cornelius was notified of the discovery, and left the bank. At 1:15 o'clock his body was found in a duck pond at Druid Hill park. He had committed suicide by drowning.

On Saturday last the attention of the bank officers was called by the bank examiner to an irregularity in the accounts of a country bank for which the National Farmers' and Planters' bank was correspondent, and the officers began a quiet investigation of the cashier's accounts. When Cornelius arrived at the bank this morning he was summoned before the board of directors. It is said that Cornelius claimed he could make a satisfactory statement, and was allowed to go into another part of the bank to get a certain paper. He did not return, and after the lapse of some time the directors ascertained that he had left the building. Detectives were at once summoned, and they traced him to Druid Hill park, where in a short time the body was found.

Cornelius leaves a widow and a daughter, the widow of the late Charles L. Carson, a well known architect. Carson was one of the oldest and best known bank cashiers in Baltimore, and his acquaintance among bankers extended throughout the country. He was a man of cheerful disposition, and was prominent in religious circles, and was largely interested in building associations in this city. During the life of the late Enoch Pratt, the philanthropist, he was one of that gentleman's most intimate friends. For many years Cornelius had been one of the most prominent Methodists in this city. He was a local preacher of the Baltimore Conference, president of the City Missionary and Church Extension Society, president of the Emery Grove Association, and one of the trustees of the Baltimore Annual Conference.

Cornelius began his career with the National Farmers' and Planters' Bank forty-two years ago as messenger boy, and worked his way up to the position of cashier. Until Saturday there had never been even a suspicion against his integrity.

The president of the bank, John Whitedge, talked freely about the discovery of the shortage, saying:

"We have nothing to conceal. The old gentleman was very careless in his accounts, and as long ago as October we asked the new bank examiner to make a very thorough examination the next time he came to the bank."

On Saturday he reported to me that there were discrepancies in our accounts with the Mechanics' National Bank of New York and the Atlantic National Bank of Boston, who are our correspondents in those cities. Upon this David J. Bartlett and myself agreed to meet Mr. Winchester, the examiner, at the bank at 7:30 this morning. After a short conference we asked Mr. Cornelius to give us access to his books and papers, which he did without the least hesitancy, saying calmly: "There may be some error here due to carelessness, but there is nothing wrong."

"A few moments later he left the bank. Mr. Cornelius was bonded for \$50,000 by the Employers' Liability Insurance Corporation, of London, and it is my opinion that this amount will almost cover the shortage. It has been rumored to-day that Mr. Cornelius occasionally speculated in grain, but we could not verify such a report."

In addition to other positions of trust in church matters, Mr. Cornelius was treasurer of the Methodist Preachers' Aid Society, the assets of which were about \$125,000 when last examined by the society committee January 3, 1896, when all was found correct."

No event in years has caused so much excitement in financial circles, where for

more than forty years Richard Cornelius was looked upon as the exponent of straightforwardness and business integ-

rity.

How to Prevent Pneumonia.

At this time of the year a cold is very easily contracted, and if left to run its course without the aid of some reliable cough medicine is liable to result in that dread disease pneumonia. We know of no better remedy to cure a cough or cold than Chamberlain's Cough Remedy.

We have used it quite extensively and it has always given entire satisfaction.

This is the only remedy that is known to be a certain preventive of pneumonia. Among the many thousands who have used it for colds and grippe, we have never yet learned of a single case which resulted in pneumonia. Persons who have weak lungs or have reason to fear an attack of pneumonia, should keep the remedy at hand.

For sale by all druggists, Langley & Henderson Bros., wholesale agents, Victoria and Vancouver.

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No Grippe

When you take Hood's Pills. The big, old-fashioned, sugar-coated pills, which tear you all to pieces, are not in it with Hood's. Easy to take

Hood's
Pills

and easy to operate, is true of Hood's Pills, which are up to date in every respect.

Safe, certain and sure. An

old, well-known brand.

The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Alpha Atomizers



produces an absolutely continuous spray by means of

Our New
Patent Tube.

Alpha Atomizer No. 3, with Throat Tip, \$1.00.
At all drug stores or sent by mail prepaid
on receipt of price.

Alpha Rubber Co., Montreal.

PANAMA CANAL CO.

Much Work Has Been Done to Regain Confidence of the Public.

New York, Jan. 5.—A dispatch to the Herald from Panama, Colombia, says: Much comment has been caused here by the publication of a dispatch from Paris, which states that extraordinary efforts are being made to reorganize the Panama Canal Company. The fact is that a new canal company was formed two years ago and work has been going forward on a large scale for some time. At present the company employs nearly three thousand men. The officials say that their great object was to gain the confidence of the public. When that was done they would make an appeal and seek capital, but not before.

After hearing some friends continually praising Dr. Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, Curtis Fleck, of Anaheim, California, purchased a bottle of it for his own use and is now as enthusiastic over its wonderful work as anyone can be.

For sale by all druggists, Langley & Henderson Bros., wholesale agents, Victoria and Vancouver.

A MESSAGE TO MEN.

Proving That True Honesty and True Philanthropy Still Exist

If any man who is weak, nervous and debilitated, or who is suffering from any of the various troubles resulting from youthful folly, excesses or overwork, will take heart and write to me, I will send him confidentially and free of charge the plan pursued by which I was completely restored to perfect health and manhood, after years of suffering from Nervous Debility, Loss of Vigor and Organic Weakness.

I have nothing to sell and therefore want no money, but as I know through my own experience how to sympathize with such sufferers, I am glad to be able to assist any fellow being to a cure.

I am well aware of the prevalence of quackery, for I myself was deceived and imposed upon until I nearly lost faith in mankind, but I rejoice to say that I am now perfectly well and happy once more and am desirous therefore to make this certain means of cure known to all.

If you will write to me you can rely on being cured and the proud satisfaction of having been of great service to one in need will be sufficient reward for my trouble. Absolute secrecy is assured. Send 5 c. silver to cover postage and address, Mr. George G. Strong, North Rockwood, Mich.

Black

It is dim and black—it has a horror for me. I do not like the past. I do not recall the past; all that I was a poor, weak, immature irresolute man. I recalled nights of quiet yet fearful torture and days and days of indecision

before I used the remedies of the Hudson Medical Institute.

IT WAS before I had taken the great Hudson, I found Hudson was indeed a wonderful specimen of man, a man of great strength and energy. I found Hudson does cure cases of weakness.

say in can now

That Was

before I used the remedies of the Hudson Medical Institute.

IT WAS before I had taken the great Hudson, I found Hudson was indeed a wonderful specimen of man, a man of great strength and energy. I found Hudson does cure cases of weakness.

say in can now

He Present

that Hudson is a most wonderful rejuvenator. It is a power. It cures certain cases of nervous debility, nervous prostration, weak liver and kidney complaints. If you suffer as I did write to the old doctor for evidence of the remarkable results and the great Hudson and you will get them FREE.

Windsor Salt

Patented Test for Table and Dairy No adulteration. Never cakes.

Circulars and Testimonials of the great RUDYAN tree.

HUDSON MEDICAL INSTITUTE

Stockton, Market and Ellis St.

San Francisco, California

BRAINS and Body Economized

Worry and Work Reduced.

Half the Labor of Washday is

washed away by the use of

E. B. Eddy's Indurated Fibreware

Tubs and Pails

They are
LIGHT, TIGHT AND
DURABLE

Clean! Truthful! Wideawake!

Daily and Twice-a-Week.

Do You Read It?

Twice-a-Week Times

Times P. & P. Co.,

W. TEMPLEMAN, Mgr.

Times Building, Broad Street.

VICTORIA, B. C.

ADDRESS:

THE MINER.

PUBLISHED AT NELSON

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE,
VETERINARY SURGEON.

Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (Late with Dr. John White, V. H. Burdall, N. Y.) Owner of Breeding Livestock, telephone 417, Victoria, B. C.

SCAVENGGERS

JULIUS WEST, GENERAL SCAVENGER, successor to John Dougherty. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made, removing earth, etc. All charges left with James Bell Co., First street, grocer, Cocklane & Main, corner of Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 56 Vancouver street. Telephone, 130.

WANTS.

EMPLOYMENT HUNTER.—Situations secured, and servants obtained. Pioneer Dry Works, 70 Douglas street.

WANTED.—Truckwelder required, another girl kept; apply Mrs. Mackenzie, Dunsmuir road, off Esquimalt road, desk 101.

WANTED.—Nurse to take charge of two year old child. Apply Mrs. Drawry, Rocabella jas-38

British Columbia.

VANCOUVER.

The coroner's jury returned an open verdict in the case of Green, a civil engineer, found dead in the Gold House yesterday. The jury recommended that the government have the stomach analyzed.

A novel strike is now on in this city, the miners having refused to work. The city council recently decided to make the prisoners work, whether wet or dry, holidays and week days alike, this being thought to be the only way to rid the city of tramps and other bad characters.

On New Year's day the prisoners struck and refused to go to work. Since then they have been put on a bread and water diet. Chief of Police Stewart reported to-night that the men were getting tired of such humble fare, and he expected that the strike would soon end.

A special meeting of the city council was held yesterday morning to meet Mr. J. Selevor, of Portland, Ore., and further discuss the smelter question. Mayor Collins presided and the full board, excepting Ald. Bethune, was present. Mr. Selevor produced plans of a smelter and explained them to the council and the capacity of the various smelters in this district was gone into and fully explained. Mr. Selevor then withdrew and the council discussed the matter amongst themselves. It was agreed upon that Mr. Selevor should put up a deposit of \$10,000 as an assurance of good faith, said deposit to be forfeited if he failed to carry out the conditions of the contract. Many aldermen thought that the bonus asked, \$150,000—was too much for the amount of capital to be invested, \$450,000. It was, however, pointed out that to successfully carry on a smelter a large amount of capital was necessary, besides the sum invested in the plant, for the purchase of ore. The council seemed of opinion that the best course to be adopted would be to pay a bonus of \$50,000 and then to grant a bonus of so much per ton on the output. Eventually a committee consisting of the mayor and Ald. Shaw, Benfield, Clendenning, Brown and Coldwell was appointed to deal with the matter.

ROSSLAND.

Rossland, Jan. 5.—The money to make the first payment of \$200,000 on the War Eagle mine is in the bank of Montreal. A special to the Miner from Spokane says that it was paid over today, but this is impossible as there was no representative of the company here to receive it. It is now, however, certain that the sale of the War Eagle to the Goodezham syndicate of Toronto, has been consummated. The balance of the purchase price, \$850,000 in all, will be paid in a few days, as soon as the title can be passed to the new owners, which will not be until after a shareholders' meeting has been held in Spokane on the 20th inst.

A special to the Miner from Spokane states that at a meeting of the Le Roi Co. a dividend of \$25,000 was declared to-day, payable to-morrow. This makes \$275,000 paid by the company in the last fifteen months.

A strike of some importance was made this afternoon in the Mascot, belonging to the Big Three company. A drift from the tunnel has opened three feet of fine looking copper ore.

The vein of the Sunset has been traced into the Gold Hunter and opened on that claim 60 feet from the line of the Sunset. It shows three feet of quartz. Both properties belong to the Canadian Gold Fields syndicate.

A special to the Miner from Trail states that a big strike has been made on the Little Joe on Look-out mountain. The showing consists of 18 in. of copper ore which assays \$129 per ton in gold.

Rossland Miner.

An unexpected strike was made on the Yale near the Curlew, in the south belt yesterday, by the workmen who were squaring up the shaft preparatory to drifting on the 50-foot level. Three feet of ore was struck in the hanging wall, and this strike has changed the plan of the owners as to further work.

Martin King, manager of the Kootenay and Columbia mines, authorizes the statement that he will begin regular shipments of ore with the new year. There are 100 tons already on the dump and stoping has begun on a side chute of ore opened when the tunnel now being run was in about 150 feet.

Since the discovery of tullurides of gold, or silvanite, in the Jumbo, renewed interest has been taken in that mine. It is a quartz streak about a foot wide which carries the silvanite. A drift has been started both north and south from the tunnel on the big pay chute of the mine. This streak of quartz carrying silvanite is found in both drifts, and lies almost horizontally to the plane of the tunnel, pitching slightly to the south. How such a streak should be thus position is somewhat difficult to understand. The quartz is very rich through and through, assaying as high as \$212 in gold. The usual assays show \$40 to \$50 in gold. The ore adjoining the quartz is very silicious, and heavily charged with iron of a fine-grained character.

Men, teams and supplies are rapidly coming in for employment by the contractors on Mr. Heimke's new railroad from Trail to Robson. Camps are being established along the west bank of the Columbia between Trail and Robson. The actual work of grading will commence in a few days. Over 500 men will be employed on the grading, and the work will be carried forward very rapidly.

Some prospecting work is being done with a diamond drill towards the east end of the main tunnel of the Josie. Ten days ago the drill was set to work on the south side of the tunnel, about 250 feet back from the face. A boring was made 100 feet horizontally, and in that distance several ore bodies of varying thickness were discovered. The most important of these was found at the distance of 70 feet from the tunnel. This is about ten feet wide. Another two feet wide was found at the end of the boring. The drill is now at work at another place in the same level, which is 250 feet below the surface. The results of the borings so far are confirmatory of the theory that there is a great ore zone running from the south-

west to the northeast through the ground occupied by the Josie, Le Roi, War Eagle, Poorman, Iron Mask and Centre Star, and that within this zone, which is several hundred feet wide, are identical masses of ore lying in echelon. There seems to be no single fissure in which all the ore is carried, but many fissures, some of them parallel, and at varying distances apart, and of varying sizes. Some of these fractures do not seem to come to the surface at all, or if they do the showing is very slight, while lower down they widen into great chambers. How far down these fractures go will not be known until a great deal more development work has been done; indeed it may never be known, for they may go down to depths that are unworkable.

NANAIMO.

Nanaimo, Jan. 4.—The body of James Jamieson, the Gabriola Island rancher, was found by Alex. Hogan and his two sons on the reef at Hogan's Bay, a short distance from his landing place. Some of the provisions Mr. Jamieson had taken with him were also found on the reef, and it is supposed that he was standing up to shove his boat off the rocks when he over-balanced himself and fell into the water. The body was brought to this city by Mr. Hilbert, an inquest was arranged for and the funeral fixed for to-morrow afternoon. Mr. Jamieson was a native of Shetland, whence he removed to this province

and has done a large amount of improvements, building a dam, putting in four new Giants and laying considerable piping, repairing ditches, etc., and while we are unable at this time to give the amount of their clean up, we understand that the result was highly satisfactory to those interested. The Nip and Tuck company were in the same condition as the Invicta, delayed by the non-arrival of machinery. About two months of the season was lost, and then only a partial clean up was made. The two China companies have done well, and we can say that the past year has been a prosperous one for placer mining on Wild Horse.

A sad accident occurred near Elk river on the 18th, by which one of our respected settlers lost his life. Mr. Joseph Mott was returning from Kalispell with a load of supplies, and in coming down the grade near his home he lost control of the team and ran up against a tree, and was thrown from the wagon under the horses' feet. He was found shortly afterwards by Captain Thomas Flowers, but life was extinct. Mr. Mott settled at Elk river in July, coming from Columbia Falls, Montana, where he lived and was much respected. He was

before they had to shut down.

Work will shortly be commenced on several of the claims on Keystone Mountain. This camp is noted for the immense size of its ledges, and with development will rank with any in West Kootenay.

GOLDEN.

Golden Era.

R. A. Kimpton's four horse team with 7,400 pounds of freight, en route for Windermere, capsized over the bank a few miles out from Golden. The accident is said to have resulted from the bad state of the wagon road.

Mr. Hewitt Bostock, M. P., arrived

from Ottawa on Tuesday. He spent the day in town, leaving on Wednesday morning for Revelstoke. During his stay here Mr. Bostock was interviewed by the Town Committee on several important matters, including "Aid from the Dominion government for dyking purposes," "Surveying of Upper Columbia valley," "Telegraphic communication with Fort Steele," and "Weekly mail service with the Upper Country." With reference to the first three subjects Mr. Bostock stated that he would give them his earnest attention and would see what could be done with regard to them. As to the weekly mail service, Mr. Bostock stated that the matter was practically settled, and full particulars might be expected in a few days.

MOVABLE SCALPS.

Some persons possess the faculty of being able to move their scalps freely, but few to such quaint purpose as that of a man residing in the north of England. The muscles of his scalp are so much under his control that he can shoot a book placed on his head to a distance of twelve feet. A scientist, interested in this unique case, asked him one day if he had any relatives equally gifted. He said he had no relatives save a country cousin, whom he had never met, and he did not know whether he was similar

ELECTION CARDS.

The Mayoralty

To the Ratepayers of the City of Victoria.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:

At the request of a number of my fellow citizens I have the honor to announce that I will be a candidate for the office of Mayor at the next election, and respectfully solicit your votes and support.

CHAR. E. REDFERN.

The Mayoralty

To the Electors of Victoria:

I respectfully solicit your vote and influence to secure my re-election to the office of Mayor on the 14th inst.

ROBERT BEAVEN.

January 5th, 1897.

ja5

To the Electors of Central Ward

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:—At the request of my citizens I have decided to offer myself for the fourth term as a candidate for Alderman for your ward.

The financial condition of the public debt requires careful consideration. As the interest and sinking fund amount to \$30,000 annually, it is evident that a large portion of the taxes must be advanced to payment of the debt. Until the end of the loan is paid off I shall oppose in urging any further liability of this kind. I have always opposed any increase of taxation, and voted with the minority against the increase of the real estate tax the past year.

If elected, I will support all reasonable representations that ought to be made in 1897 for aged and indigent women, such provision as I have supported.

By economy in all branches of the service, much money might be expended upon the streets and public works, which should be done before the winter rains set in.

As I am now in business in your ward, my interests are identical with your own.

Respectfully yours,

WM. HUMPHREY.

To the Electors of North Ward.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:—At the request of a number of ratepayers I have consented to become a candidate for alderman at the coming election.

D. H. RIDDELL.

ja5

(Colonist copy.)

To the Electors of North Ward.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:—I am again a candidate for re-election as one of your representatives in the Municipal Council, and respectfully solicit your support of all who approve of my course in the past as a member of the Board of Aldermen.

JNO. MACMILLAN.

ja5-ct

To the Electors of Central Ward

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:—Being largely interested in our city, I have at the solicitation of many ratepayers consented to become a candidate for Alderman in Central Ward at the forthcoming municipal election. I am in favor of the strictest economy compatible with the public interest, and if elected shall use every endeavor in the general interests of the city.

I solicit your votes and interest.

I am, yours most respectfully,

L. VIGLIUS.

ja5-ct

(Colonist copy.)

To the Electors of the South Ward.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:—I beg to offer myself as a candidate for Alderman at the coming election, and respectfully solicit your votes and influence. Having been a member of the Council during 1897 and 1898, I beg to refer you to my record thereon, and assure you that one of my first efforts will be to remove the payment of a salary to Aldermen.

ja5

J. B. HARRISON.

To the Electors of Central Ward

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:—At the solicitation of a large number of ratepayers, I have consented to become a candidate for Alderman at the forthcoming election.

DONALD MC MILLAN.

ja5-ct

To the Electors of South Ward.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:—At the solicitation of a number of ratepayers, I have consented to become a candidate for Alderman at the forthcoming election, and respectfully solicit your votes and influence.

JOHN HALL.

ja5-ct

To the Electors of the North Ward

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:—I am a candidate for Alderman at the coming election, and respectfully solicit your votes and influence.

W. J. DWYER.

ja5-ct

(Colonist copy.)

For School Trustee

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:—At the earnest request of a large number of ratepayers, I have to announce myself as a candidate for School Trustee at the forthcoming election. I would, therefore, solicit your vote and influence.

LEWIS HALL.

ja5-ct

NOTICE.

A lecture will be delivered in the A.O.U.W. Hall

WEDNESDAY EVENING AT 8 O'CLOCK

Under the auspices of the

Independent Order of Foresters

BY—

MAJOR MCGILLIVRAY, S.S.

(Ex. M.P. for North Ontario)

The Major is a fluent and int'l. orator, speaker and a great orator for all who hear him. A number of prominent citizens will occupy the platform.

The chair will be taken by Mr. Wm. Templeton.

ja5-ct

CHRISTMAS DAY AT THE CAPITAL.

MASTER LAURIER (to the unfortunate of the Opposition)—We can't give you any of the good things Santa Claus has brought us, but we'll let you help us build up the country!

about twenty years ago. He had no relatives here.

Several houses have been entered by burglars within the past week, and it appears that a gang of miscreants have been operating on a regular plan, watching for opportunities when the householders were absent.

Four mineral claims and seven sales of mineral claims were recorded at the government office. Three of the claims, the Tiger, Ruby and Stella, are on Texada Island and the other is staked on Hume lake.

FORT STEELE.
Fort Steele Prospector.

There are one hundred quartz ledges on Wild Horse and its tributaries. Most of the claims have a good showing of mineral. Considerable development work has been done during 1896. Some mines have been sold; others stocked or bonded.

The North Star mine has passed through the various stages of development, and now has hundreds of feet of tunnels, drifts and shafts. As a shipper and producer this property "with the greatest means of transportation," can compete with any mine in British Columbia. Last season the company shipped about 5,000 tons of galena, and we fear that at least 6,000 to 8,000 tons of rich carbonates will be shipped next season.

A large amount of work has been done on Wild Horse creek during the past year. Quite a number of quartz ledges

were found in Perth County, Ontario.

BIG BEND
Kootenay Mts.

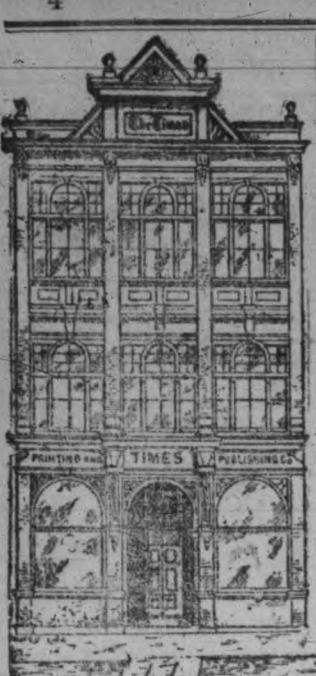
Everything is doing nicely at the Orphan Boy, which is the only quartz property working in the Bend this winter, but there are several others in shape to start as soon as provisions can be got in. At the Orphan Boy, R. McDiarmid, foreman, there are seven men running a tunnel and sinking a shaft. The tunnel is in over one hundred feet and cuts two rich ledges of quartz, one which is over two feet wide, the other eight or ten feet. There are also

several other ledges on this claim, varying from eighteen inches to two feet in width. Mill tests from this property run between \$30 and \$40 per ton gold.

Gus Lund is making things up at the North Star placer and will clean to bedrock this time. He is running a tunnel to tap the old channel and expects to strike it rich in a few days.

Work is in full blast on the Consolations. John Sweeney has charge of this great placer, which is famous for its coarse gold and big nuggets. It is a constant producer of the yellow metal and \$12 per man is a conservative estimate of the daily output.

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The Daily Times.

LET US HAVE LIGHT.

To the Editor: For the past two years the work of disinheriting the owners of property, other than land, has been steadily and surely going on in this city, while our people are apparently not aware of the real significance of how it affects their personal interests. Large land monopolies are created stealthily by legislative enactment. The powers of the people to make land pay its fair share of taxation is limited by statute. The owners of taxable property other than land are prevented by law from the privilege of representing it in our municipal councils. A (R.-C.-Southern) railway act is passed giving a large amount of land; although the act and the grant have failed to call the railway into existence in the time specified each succeeding session it is quietly amended so as to increase the grant to three times the original quantity. And the end is not yet. The power of the people to tax land is so limited as to compel our council to tax persons, industries and improvements, for the making and maintaining of public works that add to the value of land. Two or three municipal reformers secretly prevail on the government to so enact that the owners of goods, machinery and houses of the value of from one to twenty thousand dollars are not qualified to sit in our city council, but the man who owns a five hundred dollar lot may go there to represent them and vote to keep down his own taxes and increase theirs. A mayor is elected to carry out this policy by obstructing the will of the council if they are not pliable enough; and the machinery for disinheriting our common people is complete. To warn them of their danger is a public duty. When will they awake?

SENTINEL.

UNAUTHORIZED OUTLAY. To the Editor: In your last night's report of the meeting of the city council, Ald. Humphrey's letter makes a very serious charge against the city engineer when he says "although the engineer was at the same time constructing a sidewalk that was not asked for by petition nor authorized by the council." No one knowing Ald. Humphrey's record will for a moment doubt his statement; it is therefore imperative that this action of our engineer should be cleared up, for if he has acted solely on his own authority it should be known, if by other authority outside the council let us know whose.

Point is given to this matter because it is publicly stated on the street that water mains and sidewalks to the amount of thousands of dollars have been laid this year without the consent of the council or even its knowledge until the bills came in. No better time nor more important question can arise for consideration at the meetings for election of mayor and aldermen; and each of those seeking re-election should be the first to explain, as their fitness and capability are involved.

ELECTOR.

The London Times of a recent date describes an interesting piece of rapid structural engineering work which was accomplished recently on the Great Eastern railway system. The railway bridge over the river Ouse, on the London and Norwich main line, near Ely, was completely removed, and a new wrought iron bridge of one span, of some 300 tons of dead weight and 130 feet long, erected in its place. The night was extremely dark and the work was rendered somewhat difficult by the prevailing high wind and heavy gush of rain. About 1:30 a.m. operations were begun by removing the rails and upper cross timbers. Half an hour later the first of the iron girders, which number twenty in all and weighed about six tons each, was lifted out by powerful steam cranes and shunted on to trucks. The work was completed by 7:30 a.m. Preparations were then made for placing the new bridge, which had been previously erected on staging alongside the old bridge, into position. This was effected by slowly hauling the entire structure by means of powerful winches fixed on both trolleys running on rails laid along the abutments. The next business was to relieve the trolleys of their 300 tons of dead weight and allow the bridge to pass hydraulic jacks, on to its permanent supports. This done, rails were laid the permanent way was made good and the main line connections completely restored, with a delay to only one train of the ordinary Sunday service.

Those who consider that their names have been improperly omitted from the municipal voters' lists for 1897 may make application to have the same inserted to the police magistrate on or before Monday next at 4 o'clock in the afternoon. On the following Tuesday at 11 o'clock the magistrate will sit in the police court to decide upon the applications. As the lists now stand there are 3556 entitled to vote for mayor, 2051 for aldermen in the North Ward, 912 in the Central Ward and 1210 for South Ward.

by a free elector, if imposed upon him by a power which he fears, to disobey." It may be concluded from this utterance that Judge Bourgeois would have unseated Dr. Marcotte on the ground of clerical intimidation if that charge had been pressed. In giving such a judgment he would have been in agreement with other Quebec judges and those of the Supreme Court at Ottawa.

The Toronto Star publishes a list of the properties, principally church in that city which are exempt from taxation under the heading "Rule us, but pay no taxes." The Star says: "Toronto, with a big debt and heavy expenditure, has undoubtedly a larger percentage of exemptions than any other city in Canada, and a corresponding loss of revenue. The advocates of the abolition of all exemptions have certainly a good case, as far as this city is concerned. In 1871, the total value of exempt property in Toronto was \$3,240,137, with a total assessment of \$29,750,422, or a percentage of .100. For 1889 the total exemption is \$22,158,516, with an assessment of \$132,530,130, or a percentage of .167. Taking a rate of 15¢ mills on the dollar, the loss of revenue for '97 by reason of exemptions will be \$32,377.74."

A DISINHERITED PEOPLE. To the Editor: For the past two years the work of disinheriting the owners of property, other than land, has been steadily and surely going on in this city, while our people are apparently not aware of the real significance of how it affects their personal interests. Large land monopolies are created stealthily by legislative enactment. The powers of the people to make land pay its fair share of taxation is limited by statute. The owners of taxable property other than land are prevented by law from the privilege of representing it in our municipal councils. A (R.-C.-Southern) railway act is passed giving a large amount of land; although the act and the grant have failed to call the railway into existence in the time specified each succeeding session it is quietly amended so as to increase the grant to three times the original quantity. And the end is not yet. The power of the people to tax land is so limited as to compel our council to tax persons, industries and improvements, for the making and maintaining of public works that add to the value of land. Two or three municipal reformers secretly prevail on the government to so enact that the owners of goods, machinery and houses of the value of from one to twenty thousand dollars are not qualified to sit in our city council, but the man who owns a five hundred dollar lot may go there to represent them and vote to keep down his own taxes and increase theirs. A mayor is elected to carry out this policy by obstructing the will of the council if they are not pliable enough; and the machinery for disinheriting our common people is complete. To warn them of their danger is a public duty. When will they awake?

My boy was all crippled up and suffered awfully with rheumatism," writes Mrs. H. Wells, of Chesley, Ont. He also had a touch of diabetes. The doctors could do little no good, but Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills completely cured him.

Sold by all dealers and Edimauison, Bates & Co., Toronto, 25c.

When all other remedies fail Dr. Chase's Linseed and Turpentine will cure the worst chronic cold. 25 cents.

A NEW DANGER IN DOGS.

The story is told in La Medicine Moderne of a seamstress who was in the habit of allowing her dog to lick her face. She was attacked one day with a severe inflammation of the right eye. Oculists were consulted, but their treatment was unsuccessful, and owing to the fact that inflammation of the left eye was beginning the right eye was cut out. It was found a tape worm, which the dog had probably picked up while licking some less pleasing object than his mistress' face. The danger of the transmission of parasites by dogs which are well known to be indiscriminate in choosing objects for the exercise of their tongues, to the hands and faces of their masters, would seem to be a great one. It is remarkable that accidents of this kind related happen as rarely as they do.

VICTORIA MA.

Initial Quotations for Farmer's Produce Carefully Corrected.

Ogilvie's Hungarian flour	\$4.50
Lake of the Woods	\$4.50
Italiner	\$3.50
Snowflake	\$8.75
XXX	\$3.50
Lion	\$8.50
Premier (Endeavor)	\$5.50
Three Star (Endeavor)	\$5.50
Strong Baker's (O.K.)	\$5.50
Son	\$8.75
Wheat, per ton	\$40.00
Burley, per ton	\$30.00 to \$32.00
Middlings, per ton	\$22.00 to \$25.00
Bran, per ton	\$20.00
Ground feed, per ton	\$25.00 to \$27.00
Corn, whole	\$30.00 to \$32.00
Corn, cracked	\$35.00
Cormeal, per 10 pounds	.95c
Oatmeal, per 10 pounds	.40c
Rolled oats, (B. & K.) lbs	.30c
Cabbage	2½c to 3c
Cauliflower per head	10c. to 12c.
Hay, baled, per ton	\$15
Straw, per bale	.75c
Onions, per lb	.4c
Bananas	.40 to .50c
Lemons (California)	.25c to .35c
Apples, Eastern, per lb.	.5c
Oranges (California) per dozen	.40 to .50c
Oranges (Japanese), per box	.40 to .60c
Fish-salmon, per lb.	10c. to 12c.
Habitat	10 to 12c.
Fish-small	.8c to 10c.
Smoked bladders, per lb.	12½c
Eggs, Island, fresh, per dozen	.40c
Eggs, Manitoba	.25c to .30c
Butter, creamery, per lb.	.35c
Butter, Delta creamery, per lb.	.35c
Butter, fresh	.25c
Chickens, Chinese	.20c
Hams, American, per lb.	10c. to 15c
Hams, Canadian, per lb.	15c
Bacon, American, per lb.	10c. to 15c
Bacon, rolled, per lb.	12c. to 16c
Bacon, long clear, per pound	12½c
Bacon, Canadian, per lb.	10c. to 15c
Shoulders	.45c
Lard	12½c to 15c
Sides, per lb.	.75c
Meats-beef, per lb.	.75c to 15c
Vest	10c. to 15c
Meat, per lb.	10c. to 15c
Mutton (whole)	.8c
Pork, fresh, per lb.	10c. to 15c
Pork, sides, per lb.	.8c
Chickens, per pair	\$1.00 to \$1.50

The next examination of the R.C. Medical Council will be held in Victoria on January 1st, commencing at 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

Further particulars can be obtained by applying to

G. L. MILNE,
Registrar and Secretary.

By order,

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

doe

MEDICAL EXAMINATIONS

For sale

On Pender Island 3,151 acres of mixed

farm, fruit and pasture land, some

cleared, with coal and mineral rights at

\$20 per acre. Title, Crown Grants.

The Island abounds with game, has

water with fish. For further particulars see

Directory. Apply

H. J. ROBERTSON,
Balmoral Hotel.

doe

FOR SALE.

W. J. R. Cowell,

(B.A., F.G.S.)

Mining Engineer and Assayer,

28 Broad Street, VICTORIA, B.C.

NOTICE.

Pursuant to the by-laws of the said company

notice is hereby given that the annual meeting

of the Victoria Lumber and Manufacturing

Company, Limited, No. 4 Broad Street, in the

city of Victoria, B.C., on Tuesday, the 19th day

of January, 1897, at 11 o'clock a.m., of that day

for the purpose of choosing three or four

other business men to be directors of the

company. At the close of the transaction of any

business the said directors will adjourn the

meeting. Immediately after their election the

new Board of Directors will meet to elect officers

for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may be before them.

W.M. H. PHIPPS,
Secretary.

December 21, 1896.

ESTABLISHED 1884.

R. H. COOPER,
Victoria Loan Office,

48 Johnson Street.

MONEY TO LOAN

On any approved security. Business strictly confidential.

Private entrance Oriental Alley.

F. Landsberg, Prop.

P. O. Box 699.

Feb 12-13.

Rheumatism is caused by the lactic acid in the blood. Hood's Sarsaparilla neutralizes the acid and cures rheumatism.

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OUR SPICES,
Our drugs, are of the
BEST QUALITY.

BOWES—he dispenses Prescriptions.
No 100 GOVERNMENT STREET,
(Near Yates street.)
Victoria, B.C.

LOCAL NEWS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

Lunch 25c. at the Oriental.

"Built like a watch"—Sterling.

Kodaks at Fleming Bros. Govt. st.

All kinds of Glassware at Weiler Bros.

Many articles suitable for Xmas Presents at R. A. Brown & Co.'s, 80 Douglas street.

On Tuesday evening Miss Agnes Deans Cameron will deliver a lecture to the members of Y.W.C.A.

The British Columbia Fruit Growers' Association will hold their annual meeting in Victoria on Friday, the 29th instant.

To-morrow morning at 10 o'clock a meeting of the council of the Board of Trade will be held, when a number of important matters will be considered.

At 3 o'clock to-morrow afternoon a parlor social will be given to the members and friends of the Y.W.C.T.U., by Mrs. Dempster at her residence on Fernwood road.

In the window of Jamieson's book store a well executed group of portraits of the commissioners and counsel of the Behring Sea Claims Commission is to be seen. The portraits were taken by Savannah, and are very well finished.

The weekly Morris tube competition was held yesterday evening at the drill hall. The two highest scores in the three classes yesterday evening were as follows: First Class—Sergeant-Major Mulcahy, 41; Sergt. Baile, 41 less 3; 38. Second Class—Sergt. Russell, 45; Gr. Harrup, 36. Third Class—Gr. Bridgeman, 45; Tr. Harris, 36.

Owing to the wet weather, there was but a small attendance at the meeting of Perseverance Lodge L.O.G.T., held in Temperance hall last evening. After routine business a programme of songs, recitations and short talks was carried out. Next Tuesday evening the officers of Fidelity Lodge will conduct the meeting in Perseverance Lodge and provide the programme.

The following officers for the coming term have been elected by Majestic Council No. 1513 Royal Arcanum: Regent, W. J. Hanna; vice-regent, J. A. Dew; orator, E. E. Wootten; secretary, J. Sears; collector, J. W. Bolders; treasurer, W. H. Jones; chaplain, W. J. Dowler; guide, J. A. Ritchie; and warden, R. F. Ely. A social is being arranged by the society for to-morrow evening in Pioneer hall.

Mr. Allan Cameron, district freight agent of the C.P.R., has issued the following circular to agents and shippers re shipments to Honolulu: "Please note that on and after January 1st, 1897, the Customs House at Honolulu, H. I., will require importers of goods to file with their invoices a 'receipted' bill of lading. Shippers are, therefore, requested to send, in future, two copies of bills of lading to consignees in Honolulu. Agents will take immediate steps to notify shippers in their various territories of the above regulation."

The promotional list of the High School from Division IV to Division III in order of merit; resulting from the examinations follows: Preston Contes, Gordon Grant, Launcelot Clark, Catherine Chapman, Harry Gartley, Harry Cumber, Annie Crocker, Kenneth Hughes, John Leeming, Louis Borde, Clementina King, Winnifred Ewart, Irene Pickard, Laura Velch, Eleanor Loat, Alfred Horner, Archie McRae, Frank Bone, Olive Sonden, Thomas Crocker, Vira Babington, Maud Munroe, Winnifred Hopper, Jane Taylor, and Percy Knott.

Notwithstanding the heavy rain, standing room was at a premium at Seneca's hall last evening when the concert was given in aid of the widow and two little children of the late Murdoch McLaughlin, who was accidentally killed on the Costa Rica at Department Bay. Those who attended not only had the satisfaction of assisting a most worthy object but were treated to a really meritorious and varied programme. Mr. Tait presided, and among those taking part were Piper Jas. McKenzie, (a pupil of the deceased); the Misses Nicholson, Miss Butcher, Miss Miss Nesbit, February—"How to teach the physical features of a country"; Mr. Salloway; and "Subtraction"; Mr. Currie, March—"Mood"; Miss Lawson; and "Teaching of fractions in reduction"; Miss Spier, May—"Reading to advanced classes"; Miss Watson; and "Education of the deaf"; Mr. Williams, June—"Writing"; Mr. Tait; and "How can schools best prepare good citizens?" Miss Cameron.

The Victoria Teachers' Institute at a meeting of the executive of that institution held yesterday arranged the following programme for the term ending June 30th: January—President's address, Mr. Netherby; "History and how to teach it"; Mr. McNeill; and "Language lessons to first primers, Miss Nesbit, February—"How to teach the physical features of a country"; Mr. Salloway; and "Subtraction"; Mr. Currie, March—"Mood"; Miss Lawson; and "Teaching of fractions in reduction"; Miss Spier, May—"Reading to advanced classes"; Miss Watson; and "Education of the deaf"; Mr. Williams, June—"Writing"; Mr. Tait; and "How can schools best prepare good citizens?" Miss Cameron.

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Awarded
Highest Honors—World's Fair,

DR.

PRICE'S
CREAM
BAKING
POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.

40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

Truscott, R. E., R. J. Russell, W. Cave, A. Cave and Gunner Ayton.

First class shave, 10c. 101 Douglas street.

New Goods just received and cheap for cash at R. A. Brown & Co.'s, 80 Douglas street.

Choice Ontario Buckwheat Flour, 5 cents a pound; also Hungarian Flour at \$1.35 and \$1.45. Hardress Clarke.

The regular meeting of the Ladies of the Maccabees will be held this evening at 7:30 o'clock.

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Mr. W. J. Hanna has had photos taken of Louis Iles, who suicided on Christmas Eve, at his own expense and will forward copies to the San Francisco officials in order to ascertain his identity. Mr. Hanna, it will be remembered, requested the city to have some taken, but was refused owing to lack of funds for that purpose.

The naval authorities at Esquimalt have of late adopted a new regulation in regard to the drill of the men of the ships while in port. Hereafter the men of the Royal Marine Light Infantry and of the Royal Artillery will be landed on Wednesdays at the outer wharf and they will march back to Esquimalt. On Thursdays the bluejackets will do likewise.

The following are the names of donors to the Chinese Girls' Home during the past month: Mr. T. B. Hall, Times P. & F. Co., Mr. Goodare, Mr. and Mrs. Pendray, Mrs. Burkholder, Mr. Santans, Mrs. Durham, Mrs. Williams, Mrs. Siddall, Methodist church, Mr. and Mrs. Chan Sin, Katie, A Chinese Merchant.

At a meeting of the Benchers of the Law Society held yesterday the library committee were instructed to arrange with the provincial government for a proper room to contain the books and thereupon to purchase books not exceeding in value at present the sum of \$2,000, to be located at Nelson or such other place as may hereafter be decided upon.

At the recent annual business meeting of the Ministerial Association of this city, the Rev. P. H. McEwen, of Emmanuel Baptist church, was elected president for the current year, and the Rev. J. P. Hicks was re-elected secretary-treasurer. The retiring president, Rev. Dr. Joseph Wilson was warmly thanked for his able services in the chair during the past year.

The officers of Vancouver Encampment No. 1 I.O.O.F. were installed yesterday evening by Grand Patriarch Huxtable, assisted by other grand officers. The officers installed were as follows: C.P., Geo. Glover; H.P., F. A. Billingsley; S.W., A. Graham; J. W. Wm. Carse; scribe, R. A. Anderson; treasurer, J. E. Phillips. The appointed officers are: Guide, J. S. Smith; 1st W. A. Henderson; 2nd W. E. Bragg; 3rd W. M. McCullough; 4th W. A. J. Becker; 1st G.T. J. E. Sabine; 2nd G.T. W. S. Dempster; O. S., W. H. Huxtable; I.S. W. Adams. Refreshments were served after the ceremony and the usual toasts to the retiring officers and the Grand Encampment of British Columbia were given. Responses were given by Grand Patriarch Huxtable and others.

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About three years ago, Capt. Lee Weller, murderer Butler's last victim, arrived in Victoria from England, and lived here for about six months. He was accompanied by a twelve-year-old boy named Claverton, a son of his wife by a former marriage. Young Claverton found a home with Mrs. P. T. Johnston, and as he had a good voice he

That Cough

Will loosen its hold if you use
LONDON HOSPITAL COUGH CURE.

JOHN COCHRANE, Chemist,
N. W. Corner Yates and Douglas St:

Truscott, R. E., R. J. Russell, W. Cave, A. Cave and Gunner Ayton.

First class shave, 10c. 101 Douglas street.

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One of the most daring and successful robberies in the criminal annals of Victoria took place about six o'clock last evening, when the Rock Bay hotel was relieved of \$440 in cash and two promissory notes for the sums of \$100 and \$25 respectively. Fritz Klim, a German cook, is in the city lock-up under suspicion of being implicated, and the city and provincial police are hunting the city and surrounding districts, in search of Klim's brother and a German sailor known under the name of Frank Warner.

The stolen money and the notes belonged to Mrs. Simpson, the proprietress of the hotel. She kept it in a box under her bed. Her room is on the second floor of the building, and its window faces on Work street, where the Esquimalt cars run. The room immediately above Mrs. Simpson's on the third floor was occupied by Frank Warner, a German sailor, who recently arrived from Port Townsend. Shortly after six o'clock the money was missing. Neither Warner nor the Klim brothers were to be found, and securely attached to the bed in Warner's room was a stout rope. The police were notified and they began to investigate the case. The conclusion they arrived at would show Warner to be a most daring character, one who took most desperate chances to secure the money.

As Fritz Klim had been boarding at the Rock Bay hotel since he returned from a sealing cruise last fall, he was familiar with the method on which the house was conducted. He probably knew that Mrs. Simpson was in the habit of keeping the money in the box under the bed, and it is supposed that he gave this information to Warner.

The police are of the opinion that Warner waited until all were in at supper. He then tied the rope to the bed, lowered himself through the window of his room, down to that of Mrs. Simpson's, secured the money and then climbed the rope back to his own room and left immediately.

The theory is borne out by the testimony of Gus, Wamsfield, a boat builder, who lives opposite the Rock Bay hotel. Shortly before six o'clock he saw Warner and the Klim brothers walk across the street from the hotel to Colvin's ship yard. They cut from a coil of rope a piece such as that found in Warner's room and walked back to the hotel. Mr. Wamsfield thought nothing about it at the time, and did not watch the two after they crossed the street.

Mrs. Simpson also reported to the police that her boat was missing, and they concluded that Warner had stolen it and had started for the other side. Sergeant Langley, of the provincial police, and Sergeant Walker, of the city police, before daylight started out in the steam launch in pursuit. After they had gone it was found that Mr. Wamsfield, who had charge of the boat, had lent it to another man, so their trip will likely be a fruitless one.

Officer Macdonald found Fritz Klim this morning and took him to the police station. No charge in connection with the robbery was laid against him, but as he is accused of stealing a watch from an Indian he can be held until the case is thoroughly sifted. Although a regular boarder at the Rock Bay hotel, Fritz Klim did not take supper there last night, and has kept away from the place since the robbery. He is well known in the city, and last season was cook on the sealing schooner Minnie. His brother, for whom the police are searching, is also a cook. He lived with an Indian woman in a cabin, and she states that he left there about three o'clock this morning.

Frank Warner, who is supposed to have actually committed the robbery, came here from Port Townsend about a week ago. He is described as a tall, round-shouldered German, with blonde hair and a slight blonde mustache. He speaks good English with a slight German accent.

Capt. Lee Weller, murderer Butler's last victim, arrived in Victoria from England, and lived here for about six months. He was accompanied by a twelve-year-old boy named Claverton, a son of his wife by a former marriage. Young Claverton found a home with Mrs. P. T. Johnston, and as he had a good voice he

sang in the Christ Church Cathedral choir.

Capt. Lee Weller had a master's certificate, but luck appeared to be against him while here, and the only work he could get to do was as a deck hand on the Irischer and later on the government steamer Quadra. His wife, who was a music teacher, went to Boston and began teaching piano there. After spending about six months here, Capt. Weller and young Claverton left to join the wife and mother in Boston. The last heard of them by their Victoria friends was to the effect that they had returned to England.

As Weller was well connected in England, it is not probable that his relations would allow him to go to Australia without sufficient money to give him a fresh start, and it would be this money which induced Butler to allure the Captain to the lonely Blue Mountains, under the pretext of going on a prospecting tour. From what is known of Weller here, he was just the kind of man that would be ready to start on such a prospecting trip.

Corroborative evidence that the Captain Lee Weller who lived here and the man murdered in Australia are one and the same, is to be found in the fact that while young Claverton lived with Mrs. Johnston, he kept his clothes in a Gladstone bag on which was stamped in large letters the name "Capt. Lee Weller." A similar bag was found near the place where the man was murdered. The bag had the same name stamped on it and might have been the same one as used by young Claverton here.

Capt. Weller often showed his master's certificate while here. His assassin, Butler, used the same certificate to secure passage on the bark Swallow to San Francisco from Newcastle.

THE SEAL COMMISSION.

Another Difference of Opinion Relating to Evidence.

Yesterday afternoon when the commission resumed its sittings, Captain J. D. Warren continuing his evidence, told of buying in some rifles and seal skins at the auction sale held in Sitka. He never got back the rifles seized from the Dolphin or Grace, and he did not remember whether the Anna Beck's were returned or not. The Dolphin, Grace and Anna Beck were a total loss to him, witness said, after seizure, save for the amount obtained (\$2500) chartering the Grace to the United States marshal at Sitka for a trip to Ounalaska to get the seal skins and provisions left there. At the sale on the 26th of March, 1890, at Port Townsend when the Grace, Dolphin and Anna Beck were sold, the Grace was sold for \$1325 and the Dolphin, he believed, went at still lower figure. Witness did not bid at the sale.

To Sir C. H. Turner he said the mortgage on the W. P. Sayward was paid off after she was brought back from Sitka. Sealing in Behring Sea, in the opinion of the witness, was more profitable than sealing on the coast.



CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Headache, Neuralgia, Drowsiness, etc., after eating. Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing SICK HEADACHE.

Headache, yet Carter's LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Convulsions, cramps and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also remove the distresses of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEADACHE

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately Carter's LITTLE LIVER PILLS do not grip or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for \$1. Sold everywhere, or mail by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., NEW YORK.
Small Pill Small Dose Small Price.

A FEW TELEGRAMS.

BY DAVID WELCHSLER.

(Copyright, 1895.)

Dan Seldon, author of "The Real Reason," etc., etc., was sitting in his den writing. Mrs. Seldon did not, as a rule, disturb him at his work. He was surprised, therefore, when she burst the door open, sat down stormily and said:

"Dan, I could cry!"

There was an open telegram in her hand. She threw it on to his writing table. He read:

"In town for one day. Coming to lunch with you. Jack Garrick Club."

"And that awful man is coming," said Mrs. Seldon. "We can't have him and Jack together. Jack would never forgive us."

"You must wire Jack not to come, that's all. It's damnable, but it can't be helped."

"Dan—when he's only here for one single day—and we haven't seen him for a year!"

"Well, you can't put Travers off at the eleventh hour without any sort of reason."

"I'll invent one."

"Don't do anything desperate or dangerous. I don't want to offend Travers just now."

Travers was a publisher with enthusiasm.

"Can't I ask him to come to-morrow instead of to-day?"

"Not without some reason."

"I might be dying for ought he knows."

"Only you aren't, and he might discover it."

"I might say I was ill, and he couldn't find me out. I needn't leave the house for a day or two—and he doesn't know Jack—happy Jack!"

"He will know Jack at 2 o'clock to-day, if I mistake not."

"Oh, Dan, do think of something clever. Couldn't I wire? Wait, I'll write a wire, and show it you!"

Mrs. Seldon sat down with a frown of intense concentration.

"I shan't save coppers over this," she said, and wrote:

"Alas, cruelly disappointed. Must postpone the pleasure of seeing you; prostrate with violent cold; will write."

She read it out.

"Now what could offend him in that. Doesn't it sound as true as true?"

"I am not very fond of avoidable lying, you know," said Dan, gently earnest, "but do as you like."

He was a peculiarly truthful man. He took up his pen rather warily as he added:

"You must wire Jack. It's all right, then."

"Must I?"

"It would be more hearty."

"Very well. I'll be ever so quick, and then leave my poor boy in peace again."

Having scribbled off the two wires she went up to dress exquisitely for Jack's critical eye. What fun they would have! They always had some glorious laughs on the rare and joyful occasions when they could get hold of Jack—king of buffoons, and most delightful of men! She rang, and gave the order that she

"OF COURSE YOU WON'T SAY ANYTHING ABOUT IT, SEE!"

would be at home to no one, that afternoon. And to-morrow she would write a perfectly charming note to the unspokenable Travers, and ask him to dinner with somebody titled. That would delight his vulgar soul, and avert all possibility of offence.

At a quarter to two Mrs. Seldon was in the drawing room. At ten minutes to two Seldon came down rubbing his soporific hands, and smiling anticipating.

At five minutes to two the front door bell rang and the servant announced Mr. Travers!

Mrs. Seldon turned a light lemon color and shot one fateful glance at her husband. Seldon shrugged his shoulders in answer to his wife's appeal, and sank into a deathly calm; Travers was weary, happy and intolerable as usual.

Mrs. Seldon, having grasped her husband's condition, became hysterically talkative and rather familiar. Seldon could not look Travers in the eye, but asked him hopefully if he would like some hot water. Whilst Travers was washing his hands—which always required washing and never seemed any the better for it—Seldon had time to whisper to his wife:

"This is delightful! See what you've done!"

"He'll find my wife when he gets home," she said, with a stony face.

"That's all, and I'm done for with Travers—utterly."

"Shall I say I got suddenly better—a wonderful doctor?"

"Bosh, impossible. He's more than three years old."

"Then I must get that wife out of his house before he leaves this. You must go in a cab and—"

Jack was announced.

Travers had not yet reappeared. In a few hurried sentences Mrs. Seldon apologized to Travers, and explained the situation. She had the mixed joy of seeing Jack appreciate it to the dogs.

"I shall see you through some nice lies to-day, and—love how I shall revel in them!" he said.

The extra place at table had been laid in a moment. The introduction was accomplished, and they all went into luncheon of the party with light hearts and good appetites, the other two stricken.

The lunch was not a success. Mrs. Seldon got the blood to her head, continued to talk too much, and even used some of her husband's old slang. He on his part was entirely absorbed in trying to find a way out of this quicksand, and failing. He felt that only lies could extricate him, and lies were painfully difficult to him. His only course was to take a cab immediately after lunch, drive to Travers' house, which was luckily not too far, and get hold of that wife by any means which could suggest themselves to his imagination.

Having arrived at this conclusion, every moment of delay added two degrees to his temperature. If, by some evil chance, Travers should have to leave early, he was lost, but in this fate was kind. At the end of the luncheon Travers embarked on a long story which every one knew, and sipped his coffee with expansive enjoyment. Seldon produced his best cigars, and something about a new liqueur which he was anxious to have tried, kicked Mrs. Seldon lightly under the table, and then told his like a man and a gentleman. He had received a very important wire in the morning, he said, and was obliged to rush out. He hoped to be back long before either of them dreamt of leaving. Jack's eyes glittered with amusement. Travers took it down, all unconscious. Seldon walked slowly to the door, even paused to throw back a little joke, and as soon as the door was closed behind him, rushed wildly into the hall, grasped his hat, and tore out like a madman.

Then Travers came in with his usual radiance. The chap from whom he had been expecting the wire had traced him home on receiving no reply to his telegram. (Mr. and Mrs. Seldon exchanged looks of minute agony.) The interview was ended now; everything was satisfactory. Might he have the pleasure of introducing his friend, Mr. Munro Kirk?

"Pleasure, of course." It was Mrs. Seldon who spoke, amiably, collectedly, with that loyalty to appearance which clings to women throughout her tragedies. Mr. Kirk wore an air of engaging frankness, and a stage ulster.

"You must forgive my tracking down your guests," Mrs. Seldon, "he said at once, and with a full twang, "but the fact is—I'm not really to blame." (Mr. and Mrs. Seldon blanched.) "I wrote a dispatch asking him to see me at his own house, in proper style, you understand, but I'm afraid it was never sent; as Mr. Travers was here, so I took the liberty of coming straight on,

and a stage ulster.

"All right, Baker." (A sudden inspiration shone in Seldon's face.) "I'm afraid you have had your trouble for nothing. This wife was a little joke of mine which has failed, as it happens. I wanted your master's to get it before he left for my house. Of course you won't say anything about it, see?"

He slipped two half-crowns into the man's palm. "Good morning, Baker."

Seldon let himself into the hall again, noiselessly. There was a fine fire burning in the hall grate. He crumpled the telegram savagely and threw it into a cage of red-hot coal. "Damn the thing!"

Then he slipped upstairs. He would have to allow sufficient time to elapse before his reappearance in the dining room. He had said that he would not be long. Half an hour would do; but he must put his wife out of her misery at once. He wrote a note in an altered handwriting, rang the bell, and told the servant to take it to Mrs. Seldon without saying who it was from. The note ran:

"Thank God, it's over! Met Travers' man bringing the cursed wife here. Have burnt it and squared things with the man. Shall come down in half an hour. D."

He could breathe again.

When he got down stairs he found the men still in the dining room, smoking and talking. Mrs. Seldon had gone to the drawing-room. He joined them and tried to make up by ample conversation for his previous abstraction. He was succeeding, too, when Travers suddenly drew out his immense gold watch, and remarked "Very odd thing," and finding that he had occasioned a pause, added:

"My man ought to have been round here with a wire that I've been expecting since 11 this morning—an important wire very odd."

Seldon saw some millions of beautiful stars. "What had he done? But no. That other wife could not have been sent, since his wife's wire must have been delivered long ago. It was all right. His system recovered quickly from the shock. He was glad his wife had been spared that extra agony, and that—what was that?

Something was being handed to him in a silver salver. It was marked "On Her Majesty's Service."

"Go on," he said lightly to Jack (who was in the middle of a longer story,) and then tore the envelope with cold fingers. An intimation from the post-office to say that the name of Travers was not known at the Garrick Club, and that the telegram had not been delivered.

In his haste Mrs. Seldon had put Jack's name on the telegram intended for Travers, and probably vice versa.

Jack had finished with his nigger story and a pause was happening.

"Bad news, I'm afraid," said one of the men—he never knew which. But he made a supreme effort to say:

"Oh, nothing, very bad, thanks. I—must say to it. Go on with—er—everything. I'll be back in a moment—must—say—answer you know," and left the room.

"Oh, no answer after all, said, outside the room, to the waiting servant, and when she was gone, he thrust the paper into his pocket, sank on a tall chair, and held his head in both hands.

His mind was dead beat. He got up and went into the drawing room on tiptoe. He felt steeped in crime.

"Madge," he said to his wife, "I give this thing up—right up, do you understand? I've done my best."

"But you said it was all right, Dan, how ill you look! There's nothing new, is there?"

He gave a devilish laugh.

"Oh, no, nothing new," he said mockingly, "only that this has just come," pulling the crumpled paper from his pocket, "and that I've burnt somebody else's telegram to Travers, and he says he's expecting a particularly important one. Oh, Heaven!"

Mrs. Seldon came to the brink of her first hysterics. She sobbed with laughter. Seldon's set face brought her to.

"Don, if you don't have a good idea within the next few minutes, we're lost."

"Don't," he moaned.

"Don't say anything about this other telegram."

We have remaining in our stock a first class range of articles suitable for New Year's gifts. Weiler Bros.

"It will all come out. There will be inquiries."

SKIRTS AS THEY ARE WORN.

Dresses to Be Made Shorter and Narrower and Not Stiffened.

It is rumored that skirts are to be shortened for ordinary wear. A skirt that does not touch the ground when the wearer is walking is certainly the most comfortable one for the street and is likewise neater than one which drags even a little, for the brushing of this edge of the skirt against the sidewalk kicks a cloud of dust that settles upon the boxer and white skirts with most unpleasant effect. Unless one can afford to pay a laundry bill of colossal proportions the long walking skirt is a forbidden luxury, since it necessitates one or two changes of white wear a day.

Skirts are already narrower, and now there is a whisper that the stiffening of crinoline or haircloth is to be omitted, its place being supplied by a stiff petticoat, which gives the required flare and yet allows the dress skirt to retain its softness. The rigidity of the stiffened dress skirts has been a grievous fault, artistically speaking, and it is to be hoped that the softer effect will obtain general favor. Haircloth petticoats with silk ruffles are worn and are not so costly as would appear at first thought. Of course they are expensive, but the same one will serve under a variety of gowns, while if each dress



"DAN, I COULD CRY."

"Oh, Dan! Will it mean prison and things? Give me time and I'll get another ready."

"Time! You haven't any, and how many more lies in the name of goodness are we to tell to-day?"

"Oh, my darling, only one more. Wait, wait!"

She paced the room. The servant came in with a card bearing the name of Mr. Munro Kirk.

"A gentleman," said the girl, "who wished particularly to see Mr. Travers. She had left him in the 'all not knowing—'"

"Take the card and the message to Mr. Travers at once," said Mrs. Seldon with decision, and, as soon as they were alone again, "Dan, this will give us time. Let Travers see his man in the library. You go and bring Jack here. He may help me to an idea. Come back with him for pity's sake, and suggest things. Oh, what a hideous day!"

Seldon did as he was told. The name of Mr. Munro Kirk was familiar to him, but his brain was too confused to place it. When he returned with Jack, he sat staring into the fire, only half hearing the wild suggestions of his wife, and the heartless amusement of his friend.

Then Travers came in with his usual radiance. The chap from whom he had been expecting the wire had traced him home on receiving no reply to his telegram. (Mr. and Mrs. Seldon exchanged looks of minute agony.) The interview was ended now; everything was satisfactory. Might he have the pleasure of introducing his friend, Mr. Munro Kirk?

"Pleasure, of course." It was Mrs. Seldon who spoke, amiably, collectedly, with that loyalty to appearance which clings to women throughout her tragedies. Mr. Kirk wore an air of engaging frankness, and a stage ulster.

"You must forgive my tracking down your guests," Mrs. Seldon, "he said at once, and with a full twang, "but the fact is—I'm not really to blame." (Mr. and Mrs. Seldon blanched.) "I wrote a dispatch asking him to see me at his own house, in proper style, you understand, but I'm afraid it was never sent; as Mr. Travers was here, so I took the liberty of coming straight on,

and a stage ulster.

"Ah, then, Mr. Travers will find that wire awaiting him on his return," said Jack, with a Mephistophelian smile at Mrs. Seldon.

"Well, I don't know," said Mr. Kirk, "if it had come, there it would have been brought on you, see."

Just then he was interrupted by the entrance of the servant with another missive. "On Her Majesty's Service." She handed it to Seldon. "For Mrs. Seldon," she said feebly.

Mrs. Seldon walked gracefully to the window with a "May I?" and read it with her back turned to the others. Of course it was from the neighboring postoffice again, and regarded the second misdirected telegram.

"The last of them I trust, and pray," she said to herself, and out aloud: "My dressmaker, don't let it interrupt you, Mr. Kirk, you were saying—"

"You were saying that your wife could not have been sent," prompted Jack, "have you found the explanation?"

Mrs. Seldon breathed heavily. There was a moment's pause, which lasted for them—precisely an hour.

Then Mr. Kirk went on:

"Well, I fancy the explanation is of the simple domestic order. It seems there was a serious—or very unpleasantness between my landlady and the young person who was supposed to wait on me, and she left this morning in high dudgeon, evidently allowing my poor child to go to Jerebo in the fracas. That's the only possible explanation. However, as this little confusion has procured me the pleasure—"

NORTHPORT SMELTER.
New Company Will Shortly Commence the Erection of it.

The organization of a new company which will shortly commence the erection of a smelter at Northport, says the Spokesman-Review, has just been completed in the form of a stock corporation, incorporated under the laws of the state of Washington, and will be known as the Union Smelting and Refining Company. The capital stock will comprise 40,000 shares at a par value of \$5.

The object of the company is the smelting of the ores of Rossland, Trail Creek and Kootenay and such ores as may be developed within a radius of sixty miles.

Among the organizers are John A. Finch and Patsy Clark, of the War Eagle, and Messrs. Loring, of the Joste, Williamson of the Crown Point, and other prominent mine owners of the Kootenay, Rossland, Trail and Slocan districts, all of whom have been brought together by E. H. Weickert, the organizer and promoter of the company.

It has been determined to spend \$100,000 in the erection of the necessary buildings, machinery, flumes, etc., to constitute what will be in all respects a first class plant, which will be so constructed as to admit of being enlarged without interfering with the active operations of the smelter while such improvements may be going on.

GOLDEN CACHE MINERALS.

Exhibited in London and Make a Favorable Impression.

In its London correspondence, dated Thursday, Dec. 10th, the following paragraph relative to the mining development in this province, appears in the Edinburgh Scotsman of the 11th inst.: This seems to be the day of gold discoveries, or supposed discoveries, in different parts of the world. From Western Australia, New Zealand, and from British Columbia people are coming to London laden with samples of quartz containing the precious metal, in some cases so rich as to be beyond the dreams of avarice. The public are naturally skeptical about specimens of quartz brought here for show purposes. To-day there was a modest display of quartz, so far as quantity is concerned, from the Golden Cache mines, situated in the Lillooet district of British Columbia at the London offices of the Canadian Pacific Railway. The quartz was not shown by the Golden Cache miners for the purpose of inducing British capitalists to invest in the undertaking. All the money wanted has already been found. The exhibition was simply for the purpose of showing the sort of stone which is found in some parts of British Columbia, a district which some believe will soon take an important place among the gold-producing countries of the world. It is impossible to tell the value of quartz by looking at it with the naked eye, but on the authority of an assayer in Vancouver, who has a high reputation for integrity, similar quartz to that shown to-day from the same mine gave assay values—in one case of from 63 to 73 cunces of gold per ton, and in the other of from 16 to 38 ounces; one sample which had only 16 dwts. of gold, giving over 140 ounces of silver to the ton. These are, of course, phenomenal results if they convey anything like a fair idea of the stone to be found in the Golden Cache ledge, and it is a point in favor of the exhibit that it is shown under the auspices of the Canadian Pacific Railway, who laid it down as one of the conditions of displaying the stone in their offices that it was not to be used for the purpose of attracting capital to this particular mine. Various accounts from what appear to be trustworthy sources speak in high terms of the prospected gold mining in British Columbia, but that country requires to be still further opened by railways. If the gold is there no similar difficulty should be experienced so that met with in Western Australia, for wood and water are both abundant and coal is near.

WRECKERS, CONFESS.

Arrest of the Men Who Caused the Train Wreck at Cabah.

St. Louis, Jan. 5.—A special to the Republic from Birmingham, Ala., says:

Four of the five train wreckers in jail here confessed to the formation of a fiendish plot to wreck and rob the Southern railway's fast express from Washington at McComb's trestle, twelve miles east of the city, on the night of December 19, and this confession leads to the belief that the same gang removed the rail which wrecked the Birmingham Mineral train at Cahaba river bridge, causing the death of twenty-six people and injuring eleven others, on December 27, although those under arrest are as yet silent as to the wreck.

Last week five negroes Andrew Feagan, Tom Ingram, Tom Parker, Emanuel Billings and Rome Scales, were arrested by deputy sheriffs and detectives, it is said, on a confession of one of the number. All were miners at the Henry Ellen mine, near McComb's trestle.

To-day all but Feagan confessed. Parker, who did most of the talking, says Feagan was the leader of the plot; that he proposed wrecking of trains one night at a dance as a good scheme by which to get Christmas money, and that the understanding was that those who failed to stand to the agreement would be killed by the others.

When the time came for action, all weakened but Feagan and Parker. They went to McComb's trestle, ninety feet high, by night, and entered upon the work of drawing out spikes and removing bolts from the rails. The plan was to club to death and shoot those passengers who were not killed by the crash when the train fell to the ravine ninety feet below.

No until the second night was their death trap ready. They waited by a camp fire in the ravine below. The fast express train came, but Engineer Hawes saw that a rail was out of place and managed to stop his train, only, however, after every wheel had left the track.

Seeing that their plot had failed, Parker says he and Feagan fled, mounted on a mule.

Here the confessions end, but as the Cahaba wreck was like the McComb's attempted wreck in every detail, except that it was successful even to the extent of sacrificing twenty-six lives and the

wounded and dead being robbed by the wreckers, it is regarded as well nigh certain that the same gang committed both deeds. Further developments are expected very soon.

STRANGE FLOODS.

The late Frank Buckland, the naturalist maintained that all food was eatable. He sought to give proof of this statement by tasting the meat of all animals, reptiles and birds, which he encountered in his career. He discovered that the flesh of the rattlesnake was delicate and succulent. That of the black snake was not so good. Lizards were unexceptionable, while panther chops were not equal to those of pork, which they somewhat resemble. The finest eating was furnished by elephant's feet baked in a hole in the ground, according to the mode in vogue in Africa. In New Zealand, where the grasshoppers are more than abundant, they are used for food by Europeans. This may suggest to the people of Kansas and adjacent states an agreeable change in their diet. Grasshoppers are pronounced a great delicacy in New Zealand when prepared in the following recipe: One bushel of the insects is immersed in one half gallon of pork brine for two hours. The insects are then broiled in the liquid for twenty minutes, then thoroughly rinsed in warm water, and placed in an oven to become crisp. When cold the heads are removed and they are ready to be eaten. The flavor is said to resemble that of shrimp.—Popular Science News.

A man's wife should always be the same, especially to her husband, but if she is weak, nervous, and uses Carter's Iron Pill, she cannot be, for they make her "feel like a different person," so they all say, and their husbands say so too!

For Weak Backs, Lame Backs, Painful Backs or any kind of Bad Backs; Manley's Celery-Nerve Compound is the Great Back Strengthener.

Wm. Rogers, 5 Ottawa Street, Toronto, Ont., writes:—For a number of years I have been troubled with a lame back, which I call "Lamey." I have seen many doctors, others, Kidney Disease. I received no benefit from their treatment. Nine months ago I was lucky to find Manley's Celery-Nerve Compound, and after taking two or three bottles, the pain entirely left me, and I have had no return of it for 8 months now.

WALTER H. GIBSON

55 Pandora St., Victoria, B.C.
Circular, Pamphlet, and General Advertising Distributor for Above and Surrounding Countries, and United States Advertisers' Agency, London, Canada.

TRANSPORTATION

TO ALL POINTS ON PUGET SOUND.



SS. "ROSLIE"

Leaves Victoria Daily at 7:30 a.m., except Sunday, arriving at Victoria Daily except Sundays at 9:30 p.m. Daily except Saturdays.

J. K. DEVLIN, Agent,
75 Government Street.

Spokane Falls & Northern Ry.

NELSON & FORT SHEPPARD RY.

ALL RAIL TO NELSON, B. C.

The only through line to Nelson, Kaslo, Kootenay Lake and Slocan Points.

THROUGH TRAINS SEMI-WEEKLY.

Daily except Sunday, between Spokane and Marcus.

T. A. M. Lv....SPOKANE....At 5:30 P.M.

Commencing January 8th, on Wednesdays and Saturdays, leaves Spokane through, arriving at Nelson at 5:40 p.m., making close connection with the steamer Nelson for Kaslo and all lake points, arriving at Kaslo at 9:00 p.m., same day.

Leaves Spokane at 8:30 a.m., and Nelson on Tuesdays and Fridays, arriving at Spokane at 6:30 p.m., same days.

Still the Fastest.

BUFFET LIBRARY CAR ROUTE
GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY TO ALL POINTS EAST.

ROCK BALLAST—NO DUST.

The Shortest Route to Kootenay Points.

Overland leaves Seattle 8:30 p.m.; arrives Seattle 8:30 a.m.

Coast line leaves Seattle 9:15 a.m.; arrives Seattle 9:15 p.m.

For further information call on or go to R. G. STEVENS, J. H. ROGERS, Agt. G.W.P.A., Seattle. 75 Government St.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO R.Y.
COMPANY.

Until further notice the morning train for Nanaimo will not leave Victoria until 10:45 o'clock and the Saturday afternoon train are cancelled.

Victoria & Sidney R.Y.

Trains will run between Victoria and Sidney daily as follows:

Leave Victoria at.....7:00 a.m., 4:00 p.m.

Leave Sidney at.....8:15 a.m., 5:15 p.m.

SATURDAYS and SUNDAYS.

Leave Victoria at.....7:00 a.m., 2:00 p.m.

Leave Sidney at.....8:15 a.m., 5:15 p.m.

The First of these Monthly Competitions for the Province of British Columbia, will commence January 1st, 1897, and will be continued each month during 1897.

BICYCLES AND WATCHES. VALUE GIVEN FREE FOR \$1,500 SUNLIGHT SOAP WRAPPERS.....

12 Stearns' Bicycles, valued \$100 each

12 Gold Watches, " 25 "

Will be given during 1897, one Bicycle and one Watch each month, as follows:

RULES.

Competitors to save up "Sunlight Soap" until they can collect a portion of each wrapper—that portion containing the name of the competitor and the Province of British Columbia, will receive a portion of the \$1,500.

These called "Compt. Labels" are to be sent enclosed with a sheet of paper on which the competitor's name, address, and the number of Coupons sent in, postage paid, to Mr. C. E. KING, Victoria, B.C.

The Bicycles are the celebrated Stearns', manufactured by E. C. Stearns & Co., Syracuse, N.Y. and Toronto, Ont. Each wheel is guaranteed to stand 1000 miles.

Each Gold Watch is guaranteed to stand 1000 miles.

This Competition is authorized by Messrs. Lever Brothers, Ltd., Proprietors of "Sunlight" Soap.

C. E. KING, Manufacturers' Agent, Victoria, B.C. Representing Lever Brothers, Ltd., Toronto.

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C. E. KING, Manufacturers' Agent, Victoria,

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U.S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

CARLISLE OBJECTS

To the Appropriation for Sampling Works at Northport Passed by Congress.

Secretary of the Treasury Gives His Reasons for Not Going on With Work.

Washington, Jan. 5.—Secretary Carlisle has set his face strongly against the provisions of the act of the last Congress, which appropriated \$45,000 for the erection and equipment of suitable buildings as sampling works at Northport, Wash., Bunker's Ferry, Idaho, and El Paso, Texas. The mistake made by the Washington, Idaho, and Texas members, when they worked the appropriation through for the sampling works at the ports of entry in their respective states, was in permitting the addition of a provision giving the secretary of the treasury authority to build such works or not, just as he might see fit. The result was that after an investigation by a special agent of the treasury department, Secretary Carlisle saw fit to keep the money in the treasury.

In his annual report the secretary states that an investigation made since the appropriation shows that the proviso of the law that not less than one-fifth of any importation of ores imported at ports at which no facilities for sampling and assaying are provided, be forwarded to ports where such facilities exist, will involve an outlay so great as to prevent a strict compliance with the law.—Mr. Carlisle continues:

"In view of this fact, no action, beyond the preparation of plans and specifications for the erection of the necessary buildings at the ports named, and estimates of the costs of such buildings, with their equipment, has been taken by my direction. Under existing law the sampling and assaying of imported ores are required at the port of entry. The practice heretofore has been to transmit samples of all importations of ores to government assayers, and upon their reports, the entries have been liquidated."

It has been suggested during the hearings, now in progress before the ways and means committee, that if paragraph 165 of the tariff act of 1894, was amended in such manner as to allow importations of lead-bearing ores to be forwarded from the ports of entry on the warehouse and transportation bond, to any properly equipped smelting establishment, competent official could be stationed at each of such establishments to supervise, personally, the sampling of ores according to commercial methods, and as the samples could be submitted then to a regularly appointed government assayer for the purpose of ascertaining the quantity of lead contained therein.

"In view of the fact," says Secretary Carlisle, "that about 90 per cent. of ore imported into this country are consigned to bonded and melting and refining works, this suggestion meets my approval, and I commend it to favorable consideration. This plan would certainly be less expensive than the transportation of one-fifth of each importation to one of the ports having the necessary facilities, as above set forth."

A suggestion has also been made that the administrative difficulties inherent in the present law would disappear, provided all imported ores containing lead should be subject to the same duty, whether or not the lead or other substances in the ore, chiefly silver, constitute the greater value of the mass. Under the present law, whether the duty on imported ore containing lead shall be levied by applying the lead rate three-quarters of one cent per pound, on the whole weight of the ore, or only on the weight of the lead contained in the mass of ore, depends upon whether the value of the lead is greater or less than that of the silver or other substances in the ore.

"This ascertaining," says Secretary Carlisle, "is most difficult, involving costly sampling works and a large number of employees. The inducements held out to fraud, it would seem, are also many. The plan suggested, however, would not be equitable to all importers of ores containing lead, for the reason that the percentage of lead contents in imported ores varies largely, often going from 20 per cent. to 60 per cent., or even, according to the location of the mines, some ores being rich in lead and others containing only a comparatively small amount."

Unjust discrimination would be the result of the adoption of a plan providing for a uniform tariff on all imported ores without regard to their component ingredients."

COMPLIMENTARY BANQUET.

Tendered to Sir Charles Tupper and Australian Representatives.

London, Jan. 5.—The complimentary banquet to Sir Charles Tupper, leader of the Dominion opposition, and to Hon. Duncan Gillies and Hon. Sir Robert C. W. Herbert, agents respectively for the colonies of Victoria and Tasmania, in London at St. George's club to-night, was a most successful affair. The hall was half hung with colonial flags. Major General Sir Owen Burne presided and 150 guests sat down at the tables. Lord Ampthill, private secretary to Rt. Hon. Joseph Chamberlain, secretary of state for the colonies; Sir Charles Rivers Wilson, the Marquis of Tweedsmuir and all the colonial agents in London, except that for Cape Colony, were present. The Canadians present included J. G. Colmer, Hon. A. G.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

THE RING. FITZ HAS SIGNED.

New York, Jan. 5.—The only hitch which now seems possible to prevent the meeting of Corbett and Fitzsimmons will be the failure of Dan Stuart of Texas to secure a place where the two heavyweights may settle the long-looked-for contest. On December 7th Corbett signed his signature to the articles of agreement. Yesterday afternoon Fitzsimmons, accompanied by his manager, met Stuart at Jersey City, and Fitz fixed his signature underneath Corbett's in the articles.

As to the side bet, Fitz said he would put up from \$5,000 to \$10,000. There was very little quibbling, and it looks as if all the parties concerned are in earnest about wishing to decide who is to be recognized heavyweight champion of the world.

The articles call for a purse of \$15,000, to be given to the winner, and each of the principals to post \$2,500 in the hands of a stakeholder to guarantee an appearance in the ring, the one failing to live up to this agreement to forfeit to the other and Dan Stuart. As a guarantee of good faith Stuart agrees to post \$5,000 with a stakeholder, to be divided equally between Corbett and Fitzsimmons if he (Stuart) fails to carry out the provisions incorporated in the agreement. Stuart further agrees to post the remainder of the purse (\$10,000) in the hands of the stakeholders thirty days prior to the date of the contest, and that the \$10,000 be forfeited by him to Corbett and Fitzsimmons if Stuart fails to bring off the contest on March 17. Fighting gloves are to be used. George Siler, of Chicago, is agreed upon as referee, and Fitz has decided that Al Smith, of New York, was a satisfactory stakeholder as far as he was concerned.

Fitz objected to Stuart's having the money for the picture fight offered by the kinetoscope people. Stuart agreed that if money was received for the picture it should be equally divided among Fitzsimmons, Corbett and himself. Stuart refused to say where he expected to bring the mill off, but the articles called for him to notify the pugilists of the place one month prior to the date of the contest.

Fitzsimmons' right hand was bandaged from the effects of his fight with Sharkey, when he received an injury to one of his knuckles in delivering a blow. Julian, his manager, would not say where or when Fitz would go into training, as he had not yet made arrangements.

LESSER LIGHTS.

Washington, Jan. 5.—The senate to-day passed the House bill abolishing the death penalty in a large number of cases. The measure is on the lines of the recent state law abolishing capital punishment and applies the same principle to federal offences, although the change is not extended to a total abolition of the death penalty. The present laws, which have come down from colonial times, have a sanguinary effect and prescribe death for the punishment of sixty offences of various characters. The bill passed to-day reduces these offences to five, viz., treason, rape and two offences applicable to the army and navy. In all other offences hard labor for life is substituted as the maximum punishment, and even in cases of murder and rape, hard labor may be substituted if the jury states in its verdict "without capital punishment." The bill passed the house and is amended but slightly by the senate. It is likely to go to the president when the minor disagreements have been arranged in conference.

FUNDING BILL.

Resolutions Instructing the California Delegation to Oppose it.

Sacramento, Jan. 5.—In the assembly Belshaw introduced a resolution instructing California's delegation in conference to work against all Pacific railroad refunding bills and in lieu thereof to favor legislation for the foreclosure of the roads upon the condition that the government shall bid in the roads and operate them as a national enterprise for the benefit of the people. Caminetti offered a substitute opposing all extensions of Pacific road debts; requiring senators and all representatives in congress to use all honorable means to defeat the funding bill; favoring the immediate collection of railroad debts and in event such debts cannot be collected, favoring the enforcement of the existing laws of the United States concerning Pacific railroads. The Caminetti substitute also provides for a committee of nine members, three from the senate, three from the assembly and three citizens to be appointed by the governor, such committee to proceed to Washington to work against the passage of any funding bill. Both resolutions were referred to a committee.

GLOBE INSURANCE CO.

Sensational Rumors Afloat Regarding the Company's Affairs.

New York, Jan. 5.—The World says: Sensational rumors are afloat concerning the affairs of the Globe Fire Insurance Company of New York, of which E. C. Jameson is president, and J. S. Frelinghuysen is general agent. Jameson and Frelinghuysen are also partners in a business house.

Charges against the Globe officers are contained in an official report sent to W. S. Matthews, superintendent of insurance of the State of Ohio, by Special Examiner Seddon R. Hopkins and his assistants, Messrs. Frogge and Matthews. The Ohio examiners say that owing to the refusal on the part of the officers their work could not be concluded. A cursory examination has disclosed "that there were at least two sets of books," and "also a third set of books," in which at least some of the important details had been recorded.

One set is to be shown to examiners, it is reported, while there is another set not to be seen by examiners or other persons authorized to examine the affairs of the institution. The request of the examiners for certain books was flatly refused, despite the fact that President Jameson was informed of the law of Ohio under which the examination was being conducted. The examiner says it has been impossible to learn the number of policies in force, because the records are so confusing and unreliable.

The examiner finds a record in the disbursements of the company of a loan of \$20,000 made during the month of December to General Agent Frelinghuysen, who is to be shown to examiners.

Ask your grocer for
Windsor Salt

For Table and Dairy, Forest and Eat

WHY SUFFER WITH PILES?

Dr. Chase's Ointment Will Cure The Cost of but 60 Cents.

Piles, serofula, eczematous eruptions, scald head, salt rheum and all other annoying and painful skin diseases can be easily cured by Dr. Chase's Ointment.

"I had protruding piles for ten years," writes H. H. Sutherland, commercial traveller, of Truro, N. S.; "tried many remedies and had doctors operate. It was no use. Was completely laid up at times. Chase's Ointment was recommended to me by Mr. Brennan, of the Summerside, P. E. I. Journal. I tried it and one box completely cured me."

Mr. Statis, the editor of the Streetsville, Ont., Review, gives this unsolicited testimonial under date of Nov. 6, 1895: "Half a box of Chase's Ointment cured my daughter of eczema. That was six months ago and there has been no reappearance of the disease."

T. Wallace, blacksmith, of Iroquois, Ont., was troubled with blind itching piles for twenty years. "I tried every remedy that came out in vain," he writes, "until I tried Dr. Chase's Ointment. It was a Godsend. One box cured me."

All dealers and Edmanson, Bates & Co., manufacturers, Toronto. Price 60c.

Limed and turpentine are every mother's household remedy for coughs, colds, remedy pleasant to take. Large bottle only 25c.

We wish you all the compliments of the season. Weiler Bros.

Municipal Notice.

ELECTION OF SCHOOL TRUSTEES.

Public notice is hereby given to the Electors of the Municipality of the City of Victoria, that I require the presence of said electors at the City Hall, in the aforesaid city, on Monday, the 11th day of January, 1897, from 2 p.m. to 2 p.m., for the purpose of electing three persons as members of the Board of Trustees for Victoria City School District.

The mode of nomination of Candidates shall be as follows:

The Candidates shall be nominated in writing, the writing shall be subscribed by two voters of the Municipality as proposer and seconder, and shall be delivered to the Returning Officer at the time and place mentioned above, or to the Clerk of the Board of Trustees, at the time and place mentioned above, as members of the Board of Trustees for Victoria City School District.

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Free Pencils

LOTS OF THEM STILL LEFT FOR

School Children

To be had on application between the hours of 7.30 and 9 and 4 and 6.

Erskine, Wall & Co.,

THE LEADING GROCERS.

HUTCHISON & GILBERT

ALL KINDS OF...

ELECTRICAL and BICYCLE WORK.

Expert Work a Specialty. Satisfaction Guaranteed.

36 Fort Street.

Five Sisters Block.

No. 267.

BY-LAW

Respecting the Municipal Election for the City of Victoria for the year 1897.

The Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria enacts as follows:

1. The nomination of candidates for the respective offices of Mayor and Alderman of the City of Victoria shall take place at the City Hall, in the aforesaid city, on Monday, the 11th day of January, 1897, from 12 noon to 3 p.m.

2. In case more than one candidate for Mayor is nominated, the vote of the electors for candidates for the said office shall be taken in the Court Room, in the City Hall, on Thursday, the 14th day of January, 1897, from 8 a.m. to 4 p.m.

3. In case there are more candidates nominated for the office of Alderman than there are vacancies to fill, the vote of the electors for the candidates for the said office shall be taken by ballot on the 14th day of January, 1897, from 8 a.m. to 4 p.m., at the respective places following, that is to say:

For the North Ward—At Room 11 of the Public Market Building, Cormorant Street.

For the Central Ward—At the building on the southwest corner of Douglas and Pandora Streets.

For the South Ward—At No. 27 Government Street (east side).

4. The provisions of the "Election By-Law," passed the 3rd March, 1888, and the schedules thereto, and the "Election Amendment By-Law, 1892," so far as applicable, and not inconsistent with this by-law and the "Municipal Elections Act, 1890," shall be read with and form part of this by-law.

5. William Walter Northcott is hereby appointed the Returning Officer at the said election; Robert H. Johnston is hereby appointed Deputy Returning Officer at the said election for the office of Mayor; James H. Falconer is hereby appointed Deputy Returning Officer for the North Ward at the said election; William Burnes is hereby appointed Deputy Returning Officer for the Central Ward at the said election; and Thomas J. Dearburg is hereby appointed Deputy Returning Officer for the South Ward at the said